

International Conference on Buildings Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Sources 1-3 June 2014



Energy Performance analysis of preand post-retrofit households in Greece

- **T. A. Papadopoulos^{1,2},** D. Tampakis¹, G. K. Papagiannis¹ and G. C. Christoforidis²
- (1) Power Systems Laboratory, School of Electrical and Computer Engineering, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Greece.
- (2) Electrical Engineering Department, Technological Education Institution of Western Macedonia, Greece



Outline

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Countdown to Low Carbon Homes research approach
- 3. The survey
- 4. Results
- 5. Conclusions



Introduction /1

- Buildings consume 40 % of Europe's energy
 - ✓ energy efficiency in buildings is the most cost effective potential for emission reductions
- Growing justification and political commitment to tackle energy efficiency in buildings
 - ✓ Requires moving swiftly towards very low-energy retrofit and passive design new build en masse



Introduction /2

- Good quality and appropriate retrofit includes the following key actors and parameters
 - ✓ Home owners
 - ✓ Retrofit based on own investments
 - ✓ Unfamiliar new technologies
 - ✓ SME's doing the repair and refurbishment
 - ✓ Several financial, aesthetic, etc. barriers
 - ✓ Building suppliers, local planning and building control personnel
- Complex to achieve in practice, especially in private housing



Introduction /3

Countdown to Low Carbon Homes research project

- ✓ Partners: UK, Greece and Cyprus
- ✓ Scope: view the construction and build environment sector of residential buildings and bring key actors together in a co-learning program
- ✓ Conducted at local/regional level to develop a local model

Scope of the paper:

- ✓ Initial results regarding the energy performance of households in the area of Thessaloniki obtained conducting a survey
- ✓ Results are analyzed by categorizing households in pre-retrofit and postretrofit groups



Countdown research approach

Groups involved in the activities of the project

■ Local installer groups: installers are included to encompass technologies required for sustainable energy retrofit of homes.

Post-retrofit household group:

- ✓ 20 households provide their experience considering retrofit.
 Also they record the building energy performance after retrofit.
- ✓ An 'energy diary' approach is established for self monitoring, encouraging also householders in the habit of monitoring consumption.



Countdown research approach

Groups involved in the activities of the project

Pre-retrofit household group:

- ✓ 20 households that intent to retrofit. Home owners are
 recruited for assistance with retrofit and to participate in
 detailed documentation of their experience.
- ✓ A home energy survey, advice, a written report on home energy performance and recommendations for energy improvements.
- ✓ 'Hand holding' advice is provided including finance and installers. The experience by both householder and adviser is recorded.



The survey

- ✓ In the Municipality of Thessaloniki
- ✓ Door-to-door interviews
- ✓ Scope: collect energy-data both of the pre- and post-retrofit households
- √ 40 residential building owners participated
 - 50 % are planning to retrofit
 - 50 % have already retrofitted
- ✓ Five sections of questions considering
 - Typological and structural characteristics
 - Heating Cooling Systems
 - Domestic Hot Water
 - Electricity

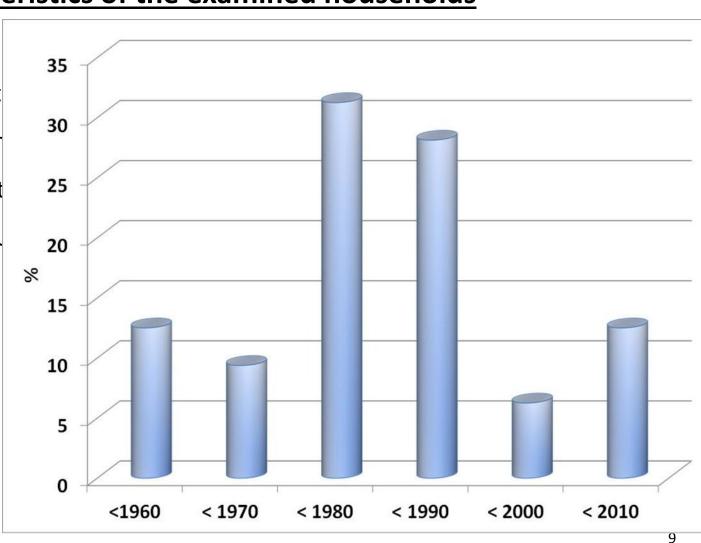


General results /1

Main characteristics of the examined households

- ✓ Typology
 - Apartment
 - Detached h
 - Maissonett
 - Double hot

Histogram of construction **building year**





General results /2

Main characteristics of the examined households

- ✓ Inhabitants
 - One-member: 3.03 %
 - Couples: 31.25 %
 - Families with 3 members: 18.75 %
 - Families with 4 members: 28.1 %
 - Families with more than 4 members: 12.5 %

Mean number of inhabitants: 2.4 per 100 m²



General results /3

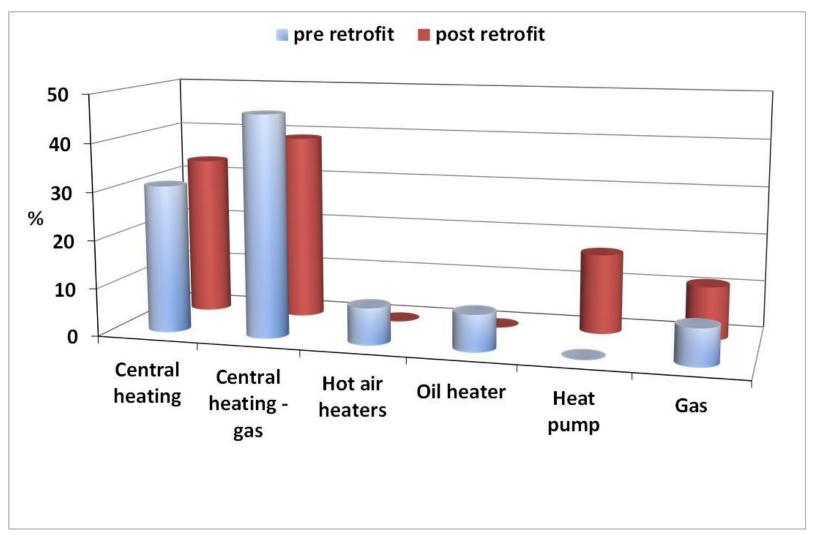
Main characteristics of the examined households

Characteristics	Mean value
Number of floors per building	3.06
Year of construction	1980
Floor area (m ²)	125.4
Inhabitants per 100 m ²	2.4



Heating Systems

Types of heating systems

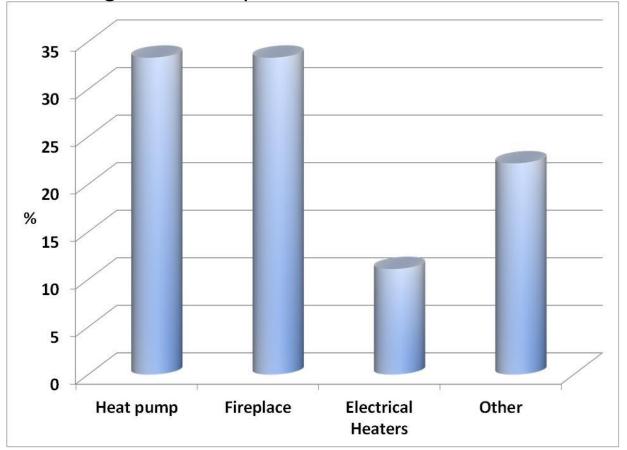




Heating Systems

Auxiliary heating systems

- 58 % of the sample
- Operate on average 2.5 hours per week





Space Cooling Systems /1

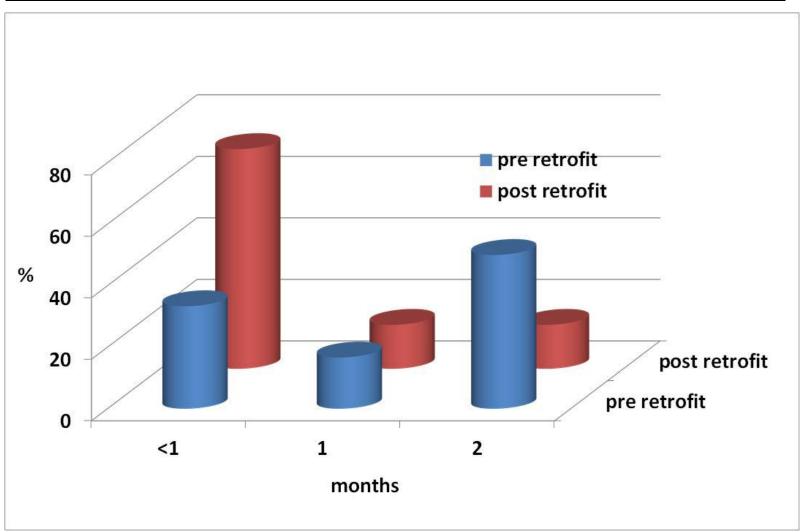
Examined sample

- ✓ Pre-retrofit group
 - 61.5 % use A/C
 - 38.5 % use roof/portable fans/ no ventilation system
- ✓ Post-retrofit group
 - 83.33 % use A/C
 - 16.66 % with no ventilation system
- ✓ A/C systems
 - Average rated power: 16,815 BTU/h
 - 50 % inverter equipped



Space Cooling Systems /2

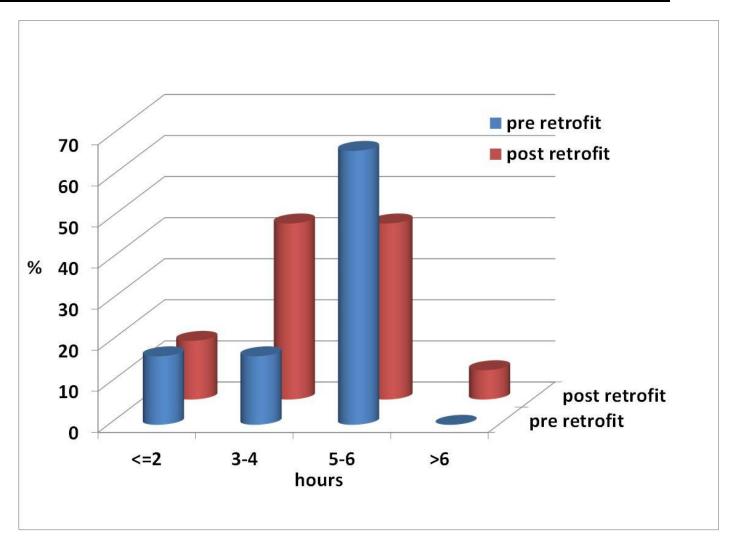
Months of operation of the A/C system during the summer





Space Cooling Systems /3

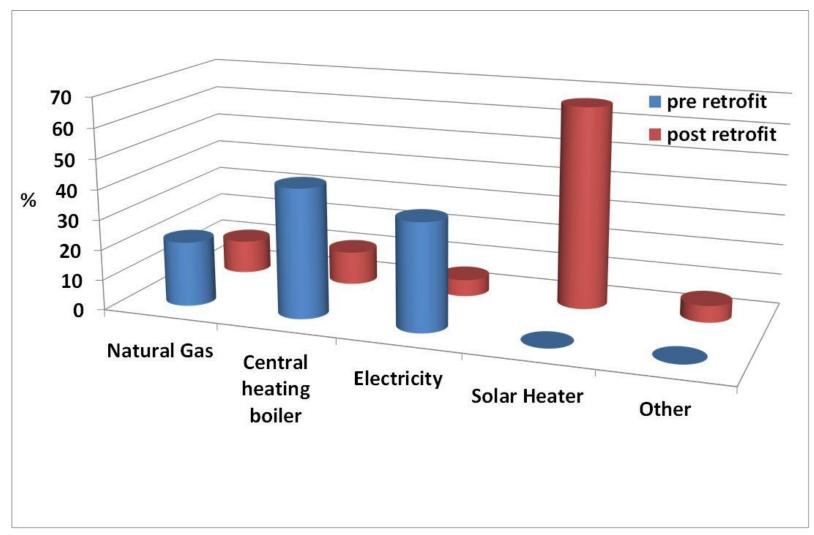
Average hours of operation per day of the A/C system





Domestic Hot Water

Primary system during the winter

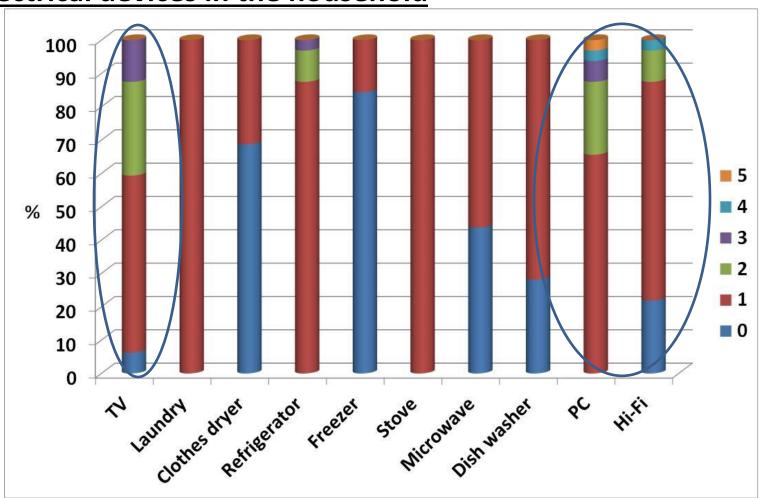




Electricity

■ 60 % of households with a 3-phase supply and 40 % with single-phase

Electrical devices in the household





Conclusions

- ✓ Initial results regarding the energy performance of households already retrofitted and intending to retrofit in the near future.
- ✓ Survey in the framework of the research project 'Countdown to Low Carbon Homes'
- ✓ Differences between the two household groups are observed and analyzed

Acknowledgements

Thank you very much for your attention!



The funding of this work by the European ERA-Net Eracobuild program and the GSRT is is greatly acknowledged. The authors would also like to thank all partners of the *Countdown to low carbon homes* project for their contribution in this work. The sole responsibility for the content of this publication lies with the authors. It does not necessarily reflect the opinion of the European Union and the GSRT. Neither the GSRT nor the European Commission are responsible for any use that may be made of the information contained therein.